## Module A: Algebraic properties of linear maps

## **Readiness Assurance Test**

Choose the most appropriate response for each question.

1) Which of the following is a solution to the system of linear equations

$$x + 3y - z = 2$$

$$2x + 8y + 3z = -1$$

$$-x - y + 9z = -10$$
(a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\0 \end{bmatrix}$ 
(b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$ 
(c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$ 
(d)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\-1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

2) Find a basis for the solution set of the following homogeneous system of linear equations

$$x + 2y + -z - w = 0$$
  
$$-2x - 4y + 3z + 5w = 0$$
  
(a) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -2\\1\\0\\-3\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
 (b) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\0\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\1\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
 (c) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2\\-1\\3\\-1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
 (d) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\1\\5 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

3) Determine which property applies to the set of vectors

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\0 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$$

- (a) It is a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
- (b) It spans but it is linearly dependent
- (c) It does not span and is linearly independent
- (d) It does not span and is linearly dependent

4) Determine which property applies to the set of vectors

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3.$$

- (a) It does not span and is linearly independent
- (b) It does not span and is linearly dependent
- (c) It is a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
- (d) It spans but it is linearly dependent
- 5) Determine which property applies to the set of vectors

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -2\\0\\-2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\3\\-3 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3.$$

- (a) It is a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
- (b) It spans but it is linearly dependent
- (c) It does not span and is linearly dependent
- (d) It does not span and is linearly independent
- 6) Determine which property applies to the set of vectors

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\-1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -3\\1\\-2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\5\\-4 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3.$$

- (a) It spans but it is linearly dependent
- (b) It is a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
- (c) It does not span and is linearly independent
- (d) It does not span and is linearly dependent
- 7) Suppose  $\mathbf{v}_1, \ldots, \mathbf{v}_n \in \mathbb{R}^5$  and you know that every vector in span  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \ldots, \mathbf{v}_n\}$  can be written uniquely as a linear combination of the vectors  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \ldots, \mathbf{v}_n\}$ . What can you conclude about n?
  - (a)  $n \ge 5$
  - (b)  $n \le 5$
  - (c) n = 5
  - (d) n could be any positive integer
- 8) Suppose you know that every vector in  $\mathbb{R}^5$  can be written as a linear combination of the vectors  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \ldots, \mathbf{v}_n\}$ . What can you conclude about n?
  - (a) n = 5
  - (b) n could be any positive integer
  - (c)  $n \ge 5$
  - (d)  $n \le 5$
- 9) Suppose you know that every vector in  $\mathbb{R}^5$  can be written uniquely as a linear combination of the vectors  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \ldots, \mathbf{v}_n\}$ . What can you conclude about n?
  - (a) n = 5
  - (b) n could be any positive integer
  - (c)  $n \le 5$
  - (d)  $n \ge 5$
- 10) Suppose you know that every vector in  $\mathbb{R}^5$  can be written uniquely as a linear combination of the vectors  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \ldots, \mathbf{v}_n\}$ . What can you conclude about the set  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \ldots, \mathbf{v}_n\}$ ?
  - (a) It is a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^5$ .
  - (b) It does not span and is linearly dependent
  - (c) It does not span and is linearly independent
  - (d) It spans but it is linearly dependent