

# Integral Formulas

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{ax} \sin(bx) dx &= \frac{1}{a^2 + b^2} e^{ax} (a \sin(bx) - b \cos(bx)) + C \\
\int e^{ax} \cos(bx) dx &= \frac{1}{a^2 + b^2} e^{ax} (a \cos(bx) + b \sin(bx)) + C \\
\int \sin(ax) \cos(bx) dx &= \frac{b \sin(ax) \sin(bx) + a \cos(ax) \cos(bx)}{b^2 - a^2} + C \\
\int \sin(ax) \sin(bx) dx &= \frac{b \sin(ax) \cos(bx) - a \cos(ax) \sin(bx)}{a^2 - b^2} + C \\
\int \cos(ax) \cos(bx) dx &= \frac{a \sin(ax) \cos(bx) - b \cos(ax) \sin(bx)}{a^2 - b^2} + C \\
\int x e^{ax} dx &= \frac{1}{a^2} (ax - 1) e^{ax} + C \\
\int x^2 e^{ax} dx &= \frac{1}{a^3} (a^2 x^2 - 2ax + 2) e^{ax} + C \\
\int x^3 e^{ax} dx &= \frac{1}{a^4} (a^3 x^3 - 3a^2 x^2 + 6ax - 6) e^{ax} + C
\end{aligned}$$

# Laplace Transformation Formulas

$$\begin{aligned}
L\{y'\} &= sL\{y\} - y(0) \\
L\{y''\} &= s^2 L\{y\} - sy(0) - y'(0) \\
L\{1\} &= \frac{1}{s} \\
L\{t^n\} &= \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}} \\
L\{e^{at}\} &= \frac{1}{s-a} \\
L\{\sin(bt)\} &= \frac{b}{s^2 + b^2} \\
L\{\cos(bt)\} &= \frac{s}{s^2 + b^2} \\
L\{\delta(t-a)\} &= e^{-as} \\
L\{u(t-a)\} &= \frac{e^{-as}}{s} \\
L\{f(t-a)u(t-a)\} &= L\{f\}e^{-as}
\end{aligned}$$

# Integral Formulas

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{ax} \sin(bx) dx &= \frac{1}{a^2 + b^2} e^{ax} (a \sin(bx) - b \cos(bx)) + C \\
\int e^{ax} \cos(bx) dx &= \frac{1}{a^2 + b^2} e^{ax} (a \cos(bx) + b \sin(bx)) + C \\
\int \sin(ax) \cos(bx) dx &= \frac{b \sin(ax) \sin(bx) + a \cos(ax) \cos(bx)}{b^2 - a^2} + C \\
\int \sin(ax) \sin(bx) dx &= \frac{b \sin(ax) \cos(bx) - a \cos(ax) \sin(bx)}{a^2 - b^2} + C \\
\int \cos(ax) \cos(bx) dx &= \frac{a \sin(ax) \cos(bx) - b \cos(ax) \sin(bx)}{a^2 - b^2} + C \\
\int x e^{ax} dx &= \frac{1}{a^2} (ax - 1) e^{ax} + C \\
\int x^2 e^{ax} dx &= \frac{1}{a^3} (a^2 x^2 - 2ax + 2) e^{ax} + C \\
\int x^3 e^{ax} dx &= \frac{1}{a^4} (a^3 x^3 - 3a^2 x^2 + 6ax - 6) e^{ax} + C
\end{aligned}$$

# Laplace Transformation Formulas

$$\begin{aligned}
L\{y'\} &= sL\{y\} - y(0) \\
L\{y''\} &= s^2 L\{y\} - sy(0) - y'(0) \\
L\{1\} &= \frac{1}{s} \\
L\{t^n\} &= \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}} \\
L\{e^{at}\} &= \frac{1}{s-a} \\
L\{\sin(bt)\} &= \frac{b}{s^2 + b^2} \\
L\{\cos(bt)\} &= \frac{s}{s^2 + b^2} \\
L\{\delta(t-a)\} &= e^{-as} \\
L\{u(t-a)\} &= \frac{e^{-as}}{s} \\
L\{f(t-a)u(t-a)\} &= L\{f\}e^{-as}
\end{aligned}$$